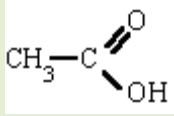
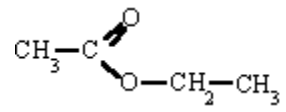
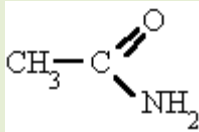
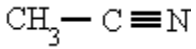
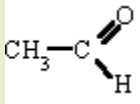
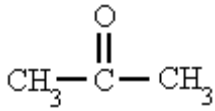
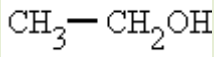


NOMBRE	FÓRMULA	TERMINACIÓN	COMO SUSTITUYENTE	EJEMPLO
ÁC. CARBOXÍLICO	R-COOH	-oico	Carboxi-	 Ácido etanoico (ác. acético)
ÉSTER	R-COOR'	-oato	Oxycarbonil-	 Etanoato de etilo
AMIDA	R-CO-NH ₂	-amida	Carbamoil-	 Etanamida o acetamida
NITRILO	R-C≡N	-nitrilo	Ciano-	 Acetonitrilo
ALDEHIDO	R-COH	-al	Formil-	 Etanal
CETONA	R-CO-R'	-ona	Oxo-	 Propanona (acetona)
ALCOHOL	R-OH	-ol	Hidroxil-	 Etanol

FENOL	Ar-OH	-ol	Hidroxí-	 Bencenol (fenol)
AMINA	R-NH ₂	-amina	Amino-	$\text{CH}_3\text{-NH}_2$ Metilamina
ÉTER	R-O-R'	-oxi-	Oxi-, Oxo-	$\text{CH}_3\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$ Metoxietano o etil metil éter
DOBLE ENLACE	R=R'	-eno	-enil-	$\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}_2$ Eteno
TRIPLE ENLACE	R≡R'	-ino	-inil-	$\text{CH}\equiv\text{CH}$ Etino (acetileno)
HALOGENURO	R-X		Fluoruro-; Cloruro-	$\text{Cl-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$ 1-Cloropropano
NITRODERIVADO	R-NO ₂		Nitro-	$\text{CH}_3\text{-NO}_2$ Nitrometano
RADICAL ALQUILO	R-R'	-ano	-il-	$\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_3$ Etano